

A Study on Smart way of Securing IoT Devices

Thrisha V.S. Dept of CSE, S J C Institute of Technology Chickballapur, India

ABSTRACT

Usage of Internet has been widely increased in day-to-day life. Most of the human activities are done through internet in which the transfer of information from one place to another place is also done through internet. The information which we send from one device to another device is not been secured.

To provide security to all IOT devices, functioning of security management should be done in a proper way. Currently security enabled model is developed to secure end-to-end communication in IOT environment.

To overcome all these security problems in IOT devices a well secured solution is required. This paper deals with various different techniques which is used to secure IOT devices.

Keywords – IoT, GSM,RPL, RFID

INTRODUCTION

The number of individuals connected to internet is increasing day-by-day and the same thing is happening to the devices that are connected to internet to exchange data and to interact with each other. Due to the massive increase in the population of the world, the usage of smart devices has also been increased. According to the current situation more than 100 countries are linked to exchange the data opinions through internet. This huge usage of internet by many people lead to a new problem called security. The security management of IoT devices is a major problem which we are facing in recent days. Hackers can attack and get the information easily due to decrease in the security level of IoT devices.

IoT is a kind of Universal Global Network which is used to connect various things that comprises of smart machines, environmental objects and infrastructures and Radio Frequency Identification(RFID).

IoT devices are useful for many of the real world applications and services and it can also be applied to build a small residence. In future, the major functioning of IoT is done through IoT.



Wireless sensor networks, actuator networks and vehicular networks play a major role in the field of industry.

These devices has its applications in many areas like Industries, Educational Institutions, Hospitals etc. This mass usage of IoT devices in different areas leads to security problem where many techniques have been applied to collect, analyze and understand the problem.

RELATED WORKS

[1] Security Model for IoT based devices, in this paper author proposes a security model in which the IoT supports the characteristics for protecting the data from unauthorized access. Initially perception layer is the main source for collection of data and all the real time data is thus collected by Radio Frequency Identification Devices(RFID) and each layer of IoT structure face challenges for providing security and privacy. In this security model we also have a massive foundation of fog computing and storage which helps in managing the administration of fog objects.

[2] A survey on IoT security challenges, in this paper author propose challenges for random access mechanisms to protect IoT devices. The two mainly used mechanisms are overlapped contention and segmented contention. The overlapped contention contains two layers upper bound and the lower bound in which windows can share all the nodes in zero level which is determined as lower bound. In segmented contention, Upper bound is the better way to share all the nodes. The proposed mechanisms are analyzed, implemented and evaluated on Linux based testing and NS3 simulator.

[3] Security on IoT and its smart Appliances, in this paper author proposes an idea to provide security for smart appliances. This can be achieved when the appliances are connected to MCU/embedded system processor with an unique ID. Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM) is also provided to control message or information displayed without showing the location of the user. Further open wireless technology such as Bluetooth, Wi-Fi and telephonic data services as well as embedded sensor and actuator nodes are also used in smart appliances.

[4] Ongoing challenges and research opportunities, in this paper author proposes different challenges and opportunities given to secure IoT devices in which one of the important challenge is technology challenge. By using advanced technology many people hack the devices to get information which is kept confidentially and hacking process has become common in many of the private companies and government agencies. Therefore security should be increased in these fields to avoid hackers and apart from these Artificial intelligence, security and privacy are the new challenging aspects of IoT devices. Research opportunities are provided to improve connectivity, architecture and robustness in all IoT devices.

[5] Effect of IoT new features on security and privacy, in this paper author proposes newly introduced features on security and privacy which developed a great effect on IoT devices.
© 2020, IRJET Volume: 01 Issue: 03 | ww.irjweb.com October 2020 Page 90-94

Intrusion Detection system(IDS) and Intrusion Prevention System(IPS) models are used to protect different kinds of devices at the same time which are mainly based on heterogeneous IoT devices and these are mainly used in the detection of traffic network. If IoT devices are light-weight in size then they will not have memory management unit(MMU), so Memory Isolation Address Space Layout Randomization(ASLR) and other safety measures cannot be directly deployed on these devices. It is a difficult task for the researches to deploy much complex encryption and authentication algorithms on tiny IoT devices.

[6] Security analysis of Big Data on IoT, in this paper author proposes the functioning of security and communication in IoT by using Big Data which contains high volumes of data. The information system which is based on IoT initially collects the information from the sensors, RFIDs and other smart devices to store them in the memory and get processed in the servers with high ultra strength and power. Google and Amazon companies support these powerful servers. The important analysis done between IoT and Big Data is gathering the environmental information,GIS and astronomy through the wireless sensors of IoT devices.

[7] Security Issues in IoT, in this paper author proposes a mechanism to protect personal information. Personal Medical Devices(PMDs) are used to know the present condition of the patient. These PMDs contains wireless interface which is used for communication purposes and to read status of the device, medical reports and also to update the status. Personal information can also be stored in smart homes where all smart devices are connected to internet environment and then smart home services contains digital services which can efficiently communicate with each other by using Internet Protocol(IP) addresses.

[8] A Review on Security in IoT, in this paper author proposes different layers in which all IoT device scan be secured. The basic layer is the perception layer(recognition layer) which is used to recognize the security problem in a particular device which helps to collect all types of information by using physical equipment which includes RFID reader, different sensors GPS etc. The transmission of information, classification, processing is done through network layer. For improving the ability to recognize the problem support layer is used. Data sharing is one of the most important aspect in application layer and ton solve the protection problem in application layer authentication and privacy protection is used where Advanced Encryption Standard(AES) algorithm is used to maintain confidentiality.

[9] A Survey of Security challenges in IoT, in this paper author proposes about the incompatibility which is a new challenge facing aspects of IoT affecting many areas mainly in the field of security where Privacy Enhancing Technologies(PET) is developed to achieve privacy goals which include Virtual Private Networks(VPN) Transport Layer Security(TLS) and Peer-to –Peer(P2P). In Order to analyze the security problems in a better way, IoT is divided into different layers such as devices, Gateways, and applications/services. A set of sensors form a network called "Sensor Network" which helps in the interaction of devices and Internet Protocol(IP) is used in a wider range for addressing in IoT.



[10] Design Challenges on Security of IoT systems, in this paper author proposes Computer Aided Design(CAD) technique to provide security for IoT devices in which CAD variable is present for optimization of systems with a large number of strongly interacting components and this type of functioning occurs internally in many of the important emerging systems such as data centers and platforms. The main aim is to provide hardware based security which is suitable to answer all the requirements of IoT security and also to provide efficient solutions to solve many unsolved problems of cryptography in which one of the problem is security problem.

SL No	Technology	Advantage	Disadvantage
		High level security,	Cost effective, low range
1	RFID	quick response	coverage
		Improves the network	Problem occurs due to
2	NS3 Simulator	performance	large scale devices
	Embedded	Open source, queries	High cost, requires more
3	processor, GSM	are answered quickly	staff
	Artificial	Efficiency is improved,	Storage is expensive
4	Intelligence	low error rate	
		High level protection	Low latency
5	IDS,IPS		
		High volumes of	Light-Weight devices
6	Big Data	information is stored	are not processed
		Data authentication,	Loss of services,
7	PMD,IP	end-to-end protection	physical security risk
		High security, easy	Low speed
8	RFID,GPS	installation	
		Organizing capability,	Risk in securing Wi-Fi
9	Network sensors	high scalability	network
	Ultrasonic	Can sense all materials	Highly sensitive to
10	sensors		external environment

CONCLUSION

In this paper we have discussed different techniques to secure IoT devices. The best and shortest solution which we have obtained to solve the problem of security in IoT devices is providing security enabled model to secure end-to-end communication in IoT environment. Apart from this various solutions have been provided to solve different security issues.



REFERENCES

[1]Z. Safdar, S. Farid, M. Pasha, K. Safdar, "A Security Model for IoT based Systems" in Technical Journal, University of Engineering and Technology(UET) Taxila, Pakistan vol.22 No. 4-2017 ISSN:1813-1786(print) 2313-7770(online)

[2] Shubhalika Dihulia, Tanveer Farooqui, " A Survey on IoT Security Challenges" in International Journal of Computer Appliances(0975-8887) volume 169 – No.4, July 2017

[3] Vandana Sharma, Ravi Tiwari " Security on IoT and its Smart Appliances" in International Journal of Science, Engineering and Technology Research(IJSETR), volume 5, Issue 2, February 2016

[4] Sachin Upadhyay "Ongoing Challenges and Research Opportunities" in International Journal of Engineering Technologies and Management Research, 5(2:SE),216-222.DOL:10.6281/Zenodo.1195065

[5] Wei Zhou, Yuqing Zhang, Peng Liu "Effect of IoT new features on security and privacy" in The College of Information Sciences and Tcehnology, The Pennsylvania State University, PA 16802,USA

[6] Saeed Banaeian Far, Azadeh Imani Rad "Security analysis of Big Data on IoT" in IEEE transactions in Industrial informatics 12.3(2016): 1232-1242

[7] Mirza Abdur Razzaq, Muhammad Ali Qureshi, Sajid Habib Gill, Saleem Ullah "Security Issues in IoT" in (IJASCA) International Journal of Advanced Computer Science and Appliances, volume 8, No.6,2017

[8] Hui Suo, Jiafu Wan, Caifeng Zou, Jianqi Liu "A Review on Security in IoT" in 2012 Intenational Conference on Computer Science and Electronics Engineering

[9] Anass Sedrati, Abdellatif Mezrioui "A Survey of Security Challenges in IoT" in Advances in Science, Technology and Engineering Systems Journal volume 3, No 1,274-280(2018)

[10] Teng Xu, James B Wendt, Miodrag Potkonjak "Design Challenges on Security of IoT Sytems" in IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communications, volume 24, No 2,381-394(2014)